# Levels of Security Awareness Training Guide (FBI CJIS Security Policy)

## 5.2.1.1 Level One Security Awareness Training

At a minimum, the following topics shall be addressed as baseline security awareness training for all personnel who have unescorted access to a physically secure location:

- 1. Individual responsibilities and expected behavior with regard to being in the vicinity of CJI usage and/or terminals.
- 2. Implications of noncompliance.
- 3. Incident response (Identify points of contact and individual actions).
- 4. Visitor control and physical access to spaces—discuss applicable physical security policy and procedures, e.g., challenge strangers, report unusual activity, etc.

### **5.2.1.2 Level Two Security Awareness Training**

In addition to 5.2.1.1 above, the following topics, at a minimum, shall be addressed as baseline security awareness training for all authorized personnel with access to CJI:

- 1. Media protection.
- 2. Protect information subject to confidentiality concerns hardcopy through destruction.
- 3. Proper handling and marking of CJI.
- 4. Threats, vulnerabilities, and risks associated with handling of CJI.
- 5. Social engineering.
- 6. Dissemination and destruction.

#### 5.2.1.3 Level Three Security Awareness Training

In addition to 5.2.1.1 and 5.2.1.2 above, the following topics, at a minimum, shall be addressed as baseline security awareness training for all authorized personnel with both physical and logical access to CJI:

- 1. Rules that describe responsibilities and expected behavior with regard to information system usage.
- 2. Password usage and management—including creation, frequency of changes, and protection.
- 3. Protection from viruses, worms, Trojan horses, and other malicious code.
- 4. Unknown e-mail/attachments.
- 5. Web usage—allowed versus prohibited; monitoring of user activity.
- 6. Spam.
- 7. Physical Security—increases in risks to systems and data.
- 8. Handheld device security issues—address both physical and wireless security issues.
- 9. Use of encryption and the transmission of sensitive/confidential information over the Internet—address agency policy, procedures, and technical contact for assistance.
- 10. Laptop security—address both physical and information security issues.
- 11. Personally owned equipment and software—state whether allowed or not (e.g., copyrights).

- 12. Access control issues—address least privilege and separation of duties.
- 13. Individual accountability—explain what this means in the agency.
- 14. Use of acknowledgement statements—passwords, access to systems and data, personal use and gain.
- 15. Desktop security—discuss use of screensavers, restricting visitors' view of information on screen (mitigating "shoulder surfing"), battery backup devices, allowed access to systems.
- 16. Protect information subject to confidentiality concerns—in systems, archived, on backup media, and until destroyed.
- 17. Threats, vulnerabilities, and risks associated with accessing CJIS Service systems and services.

### 5.2.1.4 Level Four Security Awareness Training

In addition to 5.2.1.1, 5.2.1.2, and 5.1.2.3 above, the following topics at a minimum shall be addressed as baseline security awareness training for all Information Technology personnel (system administrators, security administrators, network administrators, etc.):

- 1. Protection from viruses, worms, Trojan horses, and other malicious code—scanning, updating definitions.
- 2. Data backup and storage—centralized or decentralized approach.
- 3. Timely application of system patches—part of configuration management.
- 4. Access control measures.
- 5. Network infrastructure protection measures.